SHB 2345 - S AMD 295 By Senator Kastama

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ADOPTED 03/03/2006

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:

3 "Sec. 1. RCW 52.26.020 and 2004 c 129 s 2 are each amended to read 4 as follows:

5 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 6 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (1) "Board" means the governing body of a regional fire protection service authority.
- (2) "Regional fire protection service authority" or "authority" means a municipal corporation, an independent taxing authority within the meaning of Article VII, section 1 of the state Constitution, and a taxing district within the meaning of Article VII, section 2 of the state Constitution, whose boundaries are coextensive with two or more adjacent fire protection jurisdictions and that has been created by a vote of the people under this chapter to implement a regional fire protection service authority plan.
- (3) "Regional fire protection service authority planning committee" or "planning committee" means the advisory committee created under RCW 52.26.030 to create and propose to fire protection jurisdictions a regional fire protection service authority plan to design, finance, and develop fire protection <u>and emergency</u> service projects.
- (4) "Regional fire protection service authority plan" or "plan" means a plan to develop and finance a fire protection service authority project or projects, including, but not limited to, specific capital projects, fire operations and emergency service operations pursuant to RCW 52.26.040(3)(b), and preservation and maintenance of existing or future facilities.
- 28 (5) "Fire protection jurisdiction" means a fire district, city, 29 town, port district, or Indian tribe.

- 1 (6) "Regular property taxes" has the same meaning as in RCW 2 84.04.140.
- 3 **Sec. 2.** RCW 52.26.040 and 2004 c 129 s 4 are each amended to read 4 as follows:
 - (1) A regional fire protection service authority planning committee shall adopt a regional fire protection service authority plan providing for the design, financing, and development of fire protection and emergency services. The planning committee may consider the following factors in formulating its plan:
 - (a) Land use planning criteria; and

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- 11 (b) The input of cities and counties located within, or partially within, a participating fire protection jurisdiction.
 - (2) The planning committee may coordinate its activities with neighboring cities, towns, and other local governments that engage in fire protection planning.
 - (3) The planning committee shall:
- 17 (a) Create opportunities for public input in the development of the plan;
 - (b) Adopt a plan proposing the creation of a regional fire protection service authority and recommending design, financing, and development of fire protection and emergency service facilities and operations, including maintenance and preservation of facilities or systems((, except that no ambulance service may be recommended unless the regional fire protection service authority determines that the fire protection jurisdictions that are members of the authority are not adequately served by existing private ambulance service in which case the authority may provide for the establishment of a system of ambulance service to be operated by the authority or operated by contract after a call for bids)). The plan may authorize the authority to establish a system of ambulance service to be operated by the authority or operated by contract after a call for bids. However, the authority shall not provide for the establishment of an ambulance service that would compete with any existing private ambulance service, unless the authority determines that the region served by the authority, or a substantial portion of the region served by the authority, is not adequately served by an existing private ambulance service. In determining the adequacy of an existing private ambulance

service, the authority shall take into consideration objective 1 generally accepted medical standards and reasonable levels of service 2 which must be published by the authority. Following the preliminary 3 conclusion by the authority that the existing private ambulance service 4 is inadequate, and before establishing an ambulance service or issuing 5 a call for bids, the authority shall allow a minimum of sixty days for 6 7 the private ambulance service to meet the generally accepted medical standards and accepted levels of service. In the event of a second 8 preliminary conclusion of inadequacy within a twenty-four-month period, 9 the authority may immediately issue a call for bids or establish its 10 own ambulance service and is not required to afford the private 11 ambulance service another sixty-day period to meet the generally 12 13 accepted medical standards and reasonable levels of service. A private 14 ambulance service that is not licensed by the department of health or whose license is denied, suspended, or revoked is not entitled to a 15 sixty-day period within which to demonstrate adequacy and the authority 16 may immediately issue a call for bids or establish an ambulance 17 service; and 18

(c) <u>In the plan, recommend sources of revenue authorized by RCW 52.26.050, identify the portions of the plan that may be amended by the board of the authority without voter approval, consistent with RCW 52.26.050, and recommend a financing plan to fund selected fire protection ((service)) and emergency services and projects.</u>

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- (4) Once adopted, the plan must be forwarded to the participating fire protection jurisdictions' governing bodies to initiate the election process under RCW 52.26.060.
- (5) If the ballot measure is not approved, the planning committee may redefine the selected regional fire protection service authority projects, financing plan, and the ballot measure. The fire protection jurisdictions' governing bodies may approve the new plan and ballot measure, and may then submit the revised proposition to the voters at a subsequent election or a special election. If a ballot measure is not approved by the voters by the third vote, the planning committee is dissolved.
- 35 **Sec. 3.** RCW 52.26.050 and 2004 c 129 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
- 37 (1) A regional fire protection service authority planning committee

- may, as part of a regional fire protection service authority plan, recommend the imposition of some or all of the following revenue sources, which a regional fire protection service authority may impose upon approval of the voters as provided in this chapter:
 - (a) Benefit charges under RCW 52.26.180 through 52.26.270;
 - (b) Property taxes under RCW 52.26.140 through 52.26.170 and 84.52.044 and RCW 84.09.030, 84.52.010, 84.52.052, and 84.52.069; or
 - (c) Both (a) and (b) of this subsection.

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- (2) The authority may impose taxes and benefit charges ((may not be 9 imposed unless they are identified)) as set forth in the regional fire 10 protection service authority plan ((and the plan is)) upon creation of 11 12 the authority, or as provided for in this chapter after creation of the 13 authority. If the plan authorizes the authority to impose benefit 14 charges or sixty percent voter approved taxes, the plan and creation of the authority must be approved by an affirmative vote of sixty percent 15 of the voters within the boundaries of the authority voting on a ballot 16 17 proposition as set forth in RCW 52.26.060. However, if the plan provides for alternative sources of revenue that become effective if 18 the plan and creation of the authority is approved only by a majority 19 vote, then the plan with alternative sources of revenue and creation of 20 21 the authority may be approved by an affirmative vote of the majority of those voters. If the plan does not authorize the authority to impose 22 benefit charges or sixty percent voter approved taxes, the plan and 23 24 creation of the authority must be approved by an affirmative vote of 25 the majority of the voters within the boundaries of the authority voting on a ballot proposition as set forth in RCW 52.26.060. 26 27 voter approval requirement)) Except as provided in this section ((is in addition to any)), all other voter approval requirements under law for 28 the levying of property taxes or the imposition of benefit charges 29 30 Revenues from these taxes and benefit charges may be used only 31 to implement the plan as set forth in this chapter.
 - Sec. 4. RCW 52.26.060 and 2004 c 129 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

The governing bodies of two or more adjacent fire protection jurisdictions, upon receipt of the regional fire protection service authority plan under RCW 52.26.040, may certify the plan to the ballot, including identification of the ((tax)) revenue options ((necessary))

specified to fund the plan. The governing bodies of the fire 1 2 protection jurisdictions may draft a ballot title, give notice as required by law for ballot measures, and perform other duties as 3 required to put the plan before the voters of the proposed authority 4 for their approval or rejection as a single ballot measure that both 5 approves formation of the authority and approves the plan. Authorities 6 7 may negotiate interlocal agreements necessary to implement the plan. The electorate is the voters voting within the boundaries of the 8 proposed regional fire protection service authority. A simple majority 9 10 of the total persons voting on the single ballot measure to approve the plan((7)) and establish the authority((7 and approve the taxes)) is 11 12 required for approval. However, if the plan authorizes the authority 13 to impose benefit charges or sixty percent voter approved taxes, then 14 the percentage of total persons voting on the single ballot measure to approve the plan and establish the authority is the same as in RCW 15 The authority must act in accordance with the general 16 52.26.050. election laws of the state. 17 The authority is liable for its proportionate share of the costs when the elections are held under RCW 18 ((29A.04.320)) 29A.04.321 and 29A.04.330. 19

20 **Sec. 5.** RCW 52.26.070 and 2004 c 129 s 7 are each amended to read 21 as follows:

If the voters approve the plan, including creation of a regional 22 23 fire protection service authority and imposition of taxes and benefit 24 charges, if any, the authority is formed on the next January 1st or 25 July 1st, whichever occurs first. The appropriate county election 26 officials shall, within fifteen days of the final certification of the 27 election results, publish a notice in a newspaper or newspapers of general circulation in the authority declaring the authority formed. 28 A party challenging the procedure or the formation of a voter-approved 29 authority must file the challenge in writing by serving the prosecuting 30 31 attorney of each county within, or partially within, the regional fire protection service authority and the attorney general within thirty 32 days after the final certification of the election. 33 34 challenge within that time forever bars further challenge of the 35 authority's valid formation.

1 **Sec. 6.** RCW 52.26.090 and 2004 c 129 s 9 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

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- (1) The governing board of the authority is responsible for the execution of the voter-approved plan. Participating jurisdictions shall review the plan every ten years. The board ((shall)) may:
- (a) Levy ((and impose)) taxes and impose benefit charges as authorized in the plan and approved by authority voters;
- (b) Enter into agreements with federal, state, local, and regional entities and departments as necessary to accomplish authority purposes and protect the authority's investments;
- (c) Accept gifts, grants, or other contributions of funds that will support the purposes and programs of the authority;
- (d) Monitor and audit the progress and execution of fire protection and emergency service projects to protect the investment of the public and annually make public its findings;
- 16 (e) Pay for services and enter into leases and contracts, including 17 professional service contracts;
 - (f) Hire, manage, and terminate employees; and
 - (g) Exercise ((other)) powers and perform duties as ((may be reasonable)) the board determines necessary to carry out the purposes, functions, and projects of the authority in accordance with Title 52 RCW if one of the fire protection jurisdictions is a fire district, unless provided otherwise in the regional fire protection service authority plan, or in accordance with the statutes identified in the plan if none of the fire protection jurisdictions is a fire district.
- 26 (2) ((An authority may acquire, hold, or dispose of real property.
- 27 (3) An authority may exercise the powers of eminent domain.
- (4)) An authority may enforce fire codes as provided under chapter 19.27 RCW.
- 30 **Sec. 7.** RCW 52.26.100 and 2004 c 129 s 10 are each amended to read 31 as follows:
- 32 (1) Except as otherwise provided in the regional fire protection 33 service authority plan, all powers, duties, and functions of a 34 participating fire protection jurisdiction pertaining to ((providing)) 35 fire protection and emergency services ((may)) shall be transferred((7 36 by resolution,)) to the regional fire protection service authority on 37 its creation date.

(2)(a) Except as otherwise provided in the regional fire protection service authority plan, and on the creation date of the regional fire protection service authority, all reports, documents, surveys, books, records, files, papers, or written material in the possession of the participating fire protection jurisdiction pertaining to ((the)) fire protection and emergency services powers, functions, and duties ((transferred)) shall be delivered to the ((custody of the)) regional fire protection service authority((-)); all real property and personal property including cabinets, furniture, office equipment, vehicles, and other tangible property employed by the participating fire protection jurisdiction in carrying out the fire protection and emergency services powers, functions, and duties ((transferred)) shall be ((made available)) transferred to the regional fire protection service authority((-)); and all funds, credits, or other assets held by the participating fire protection jurisdiction in connection with the fire protection and emergency services powers, functions, and duties ((transferred)) shall be ((assigned)) transferred and credited to the regional fire protection service authority.

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- (b) Except as otherwise provided in the regional fire protection service authority plan, any appropriations made to the participating fire protection jurisdiction for carrying out the <u>fire protection and emergency services</u> powers, functions, and duties ((transferred)) shall((, on the effective date of the resolution,)) be transferred and credited to the regional fire protection service authority.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in the regional fire protection service authority plan, whenever any question arises as to the transfer of any personnel, funds, books, documents, records, papers, files, equipment, or other tangible property used or held in the exercise of the powers and the performance of the duties and functions transferred, the governing body of the participating fire protection jurisdiction shall make a determination as to the proper allocation.
- (3) Except as otherwise provided in the regional fire protection service authority plan, all rules and all pending business before the participating fire protection jurisdiction pertaining to the powers, functions, and duties transferred shall be continued and acted upon by the regional fire protection service authority((\cdot)), and all existing contracts and obligations shall remain in full force and shall be performed by the regional fire protection service authority.

- 1 (4) The transfer of the powers, duties, functions, and personnel of 2 the participating fire protection jurisdiction shall not affect the 3 validity of any act performed before ((the effective date of the 4 resolution)) creation of the regional fire protection service 5 authority.
 - (5) If apportionments of budgeted funds are required because of the transfers (($\frac{directed}{directed}$ by the resolution)), the treasurer (($\frac{directed}{directed}$)) for the authority shall certify the apportionments.
- (6)(a) Subject to (c) of this subsection, all employees of the 9 participating fire protection jurisdictions are transferred to the 10 jurisdiction of the regional fire protection service authority on its 11 creation date. Upon transfer, unless an agreement for different terms 12 13 of transfer is reached between the collective bargaining representatives of the transferring employees and the participating 14 fire protection jurisdictions, an employee is entitled to the employee 15 rights, benefits, and privileges to which he or she would have been 16 entitled as an employee of a participating fire protection 17 jurisdiction, including rights to: 18
- 19 <u>(i) Compensation at least equal to the level at the time of</u> 20 transfer;
- 21 <u>(ii) Retirement, vacation, sick leave, and any other accrued</u> 22 <u>benefit;</u>
 - (iii) Promotion and service time accrual; and

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- (iv) The length or terms of probationary periods, including no requirement for an additional probationary period if one had been completed before the transfer date.
- (b) If any or all of the participating fire protection jurisdictions provide for civil service in their fire departments, the collective bargaining representatives of the transferring employees and the participating fire protection jurisdictions must negotiate regarding the establishment of a civil service system within the authority. This subsection does not apply if none of the participating fire protection districts provide for civil service.
- (c) Nothing contained in this section may be construed to alter any existing collective bargaining unit or the provisions of any existing collective bargaining agreement until the agreement has expired or until the bargaining unit has been modified as provided by law. ((RCW)

- 35.13.215 through 35.13.235 apply to the transfer of employees under 1
- 2 this section.))

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- NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 52.26 RCW 3 4 to read as follows:
- (1) Subject to subsection (2) of this section, a regional fire 5 6 protection service authority may, by resolution of its board, provide 7 for civil service for its employees in the same manner, with the same powers, and with the same force and effect as provided by chapter 41.08 8 RCW for cities, towns, and municipalities, including restrictions 9 against the discharge of an employee because of residence outside the 10 11 limits of the regional fire protection service authority.
- (2) If an agreement is reached to provide for civil service under 12 RCW 52.26.100(6), the regional fire protection service authority shall 13 establish such a system as is required by the agreement. 14
- 15 NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 52.26 RCW to read as follows: 16
- Territory that is annexed to a participating jurisdiction is 17 annexed to the authority as of the effective date of the annexation. 18
- The statutes regarding transfer of assets and employees do not apply to 19 20 the participating jurisdictions in the annexation.
- 21 **Sec. 10.** RCW 52.26.130 and 2004 c 129 s 14 are each amended to 22 read as follows:
- ((Unless contrary to this section, chapter 39.42 RCW applies to debt and bonding under this section. The authority may borrow money, but may not issue any debt of its own for more than ten years' duration. An authority may issue notes or other evidences of 27 indebtedness with a maturity of not more than twenty years. An authority may, when authorized by the plan, enter into agreements with the state to pledge taxes or other revenues of the authority for the purpose of paying in part or whole principal and interest on bonds issued by the authority. The contracts pledging revenues and taxes are binding for the term of the agreement, but not to exceed twenty-five 32 years, and no tax pledged by an agreement may be eliminated or modified if it would impair the pledge of the agreement.)) (1) An authority may incur general indebtedness for authority purposes, issue bonds, notes,

- or other evidences of indebtedness not to exceed an amount, together 1 2 with any outstanding nonvoter approved general obligation debt, equal to three-fourths of one percent of the value of the taxable property 3 within the authority. The maximum term of the obligations may not 4 exceed twenty years. The obligations may pledge benefit charges and 5 may pledge payments to an authority from the state, the federal 6 7 government, or any fire protection jurisdiction under an interlocal contract. The interlocal contracts pledging revenues and taxes are 8 binding for a term not to exceed twenty-five years, and taxes or other 9 revenue pledged by an interlocal contract may not be eliminated or 10 modified if it would impair the pledge of the contract. 11
- (2) An authority may also issue general obligation bonds for 12 13 capital purposes not to exceed an amount, together with any outstanding 14 general obligation debt, equal to one and one-half percent of the value of the taxable property within the authority. The authority may 15 provide for the retirement of the bonds by excess property tax levies. 16 17 The voters of the authority must approve a proposition authorizing the bonds and levies by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of those voting 18 on the proposition at an election. At the election, the total number 19 of persons voting must constitute not less than forty percent of the 20 21 voters in the authority who voted at the last preceding general state 22 election. The maximum term of the bonds may not exceed twenty-five years. Elections shall be held as provided in RCW 39.36.050. 23
- 24 (3) Obligations of an authority shall be issued and sold in accordance with chapters 39.46 and 39.50 RCW, as applicable. 25
- 26 **Sec. 11.** RCW 52.26.140 and 2004 c 129 s 15 are each amended to read as follows: 27

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- (1) To carry out the purposes for which a regional fire protection service authority is created, as authorized in the plan and approved by the voters, the governing board of an authority may annually levy the following taxes:
- (a) An ad valorem tax on all taxable property located within the authority not to exceed fifty cents per thousand dollars of assessed 34 value;
- (b) An ad valorem tax on all property located within the authority 35 36 not to exceed fifty cents per thousand dollars of assessed value and which will not cause the combined levies to exceed the constitutional 37

or statutory limitations. This levy, or any portion of this levy, may also be made when dollar rates of other taxing units are released by agreement with the other taxing units from their authorized levies; and

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- (c) An ad valorem tax on all taxable property located within the authority not to exceed fifty cents per thousand dollars of assessed value if the authority has at least one full-time, paid employee, or contracts with another municipal corporation for the services of at least one full-time, paid employee. This levy may be made only if it will not affect dollar rates which other taxing districts may lawfully claim nor cause the combined levies to exceed the constitutional or statutory limitations or both.
- (2) Levies in excess of the amounts provided in subsection (1) of this section or in excess of the aggregate dollar rate limitations or both may be made for any authority purpose when so authorized at a special election under RCW 84.52.052. Any such tax when levied must be certified to the proper county officials for the collection of the tax as for other general taxes. The taxes when collected shall be placed in the appropriate authority fund or funds as provided by law, and must be paid out on warrants of the auditor of the county in which all, or the largest portion of, the authority is located, upon authorization of the governing board of the authority.
- indebtedness and to issue general obligation bonds for capital purposes as provided in RCW 52.26.130.)) Authorities may provide for the retirement of general indebtedness by excess property tax levies((τ when the voters of the authority have approved a proposition authorizing such indebtedness and levies by an affirmative vote of three fifths of those voting on the proposition at such an election, at which election the total number of persons voting shall constitute not less than forty percent of the voters in the authority who voted at the last preceding state general election. Elections must be held as provided in RCW 39.36.050. The maximum term of any bonds issued under the authority of this section may not exceed ten years and must be issued and sold in accordance with chapter 39.46 RCW)) as set forth in RCW 52.26.130.
- 36 (4) For purposes of this ((section)) chapter, the term "value of the taxable property" has the same meaning as in RCW 39.36.015.

- 1 **Sec. 12.** RCW 52.26.220 and 2004 c 129 s 28 are each amended to 2 read as follows:
- (1) Notwithstanding any other provision in this chapter to the 3 contrary, any benefit charge authorized by this chapter is not 4 5 effective unless a proposition to impose the benefit charge is approved by a sixty percent majority of the voters of the regional fire 6 7 protection service authority voting at a general election or at a special election called by the authority for that purpose, held within 8 the authority. A ballot measure that contains an authorization to 9 impose benefit charges and that is approved by the voters pursuant to 10 RCW 52.26.060 meets the proposition approval requirement of this 11 12 section. An election held under this section must be held not more 13 than twelve months prior to the date on which the first charge is to be 14 A benefit charge approved at an election expires in six assessed. years or fewer as authorized by the voters, unless subsequently 15 16 reapproved by the voters.
- 17 (2) The ballot must be submitted so as to enable the voters 18 favoring the authorization of a regional fire protection service 19 authority benefit charge to vote "Yes" and those opposed to vote "No." 20 The ballot question is as follows:
- "Shall the regional fire protection service authority composed of (insert the participating fire protection jurisdictions) be authorized to impose benefit charges each year for . . . (insert number of years not to exceed six) years, not to exceed an amount equal to sixty percent of its operating budget, and be prohibited from imposing an additional property tax under RCW 52.26.140(1)(c)?
- 28 YES NO
- 29 🗆 "
- 30 (3) Authorities renewing the benefit charge may elect to use the 31 following alternative ballot:
- "Shall the regional fire protection service authority composed of (insert the participating fire protection jurisdictions) be authorized to continue voterauthorized benefit charges each year for . . . (insert number of years not to exceed six) years, not to exceed an amount

- equal to sixty percent of its operating budget, and be prohibited from imposing an additional property tax under RCW 52.26.140(1)(c)?

 YES NO
 - <u>SHB 2345</u> S AMD By Senator Kastama

ADOPTED 03/03/2006

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "authorities;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 52.26.020, 52.26.040, 52.26.050, 52.26.060, 52.26.070, 52.26.090, 52.26.100, 52.26.130, 52.26.140, and 52.26.220; and adding new sections to chapter 52.26 RCW."

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